



## Overview

This bulletin serves to summarize weekly surveillance data & performance of OHB/PHEM diseases and other public health emergencies. It comprises report timeliness, completeness, trends of priority diseases, and response activities.

Epidemiological  
Bulletin  
Week-3

## Objective

To provide weekly update on the status of reportable diseases/conditions to the relevant authorities for better preparedness and response activities.

## Regional Highlights of the reporting week

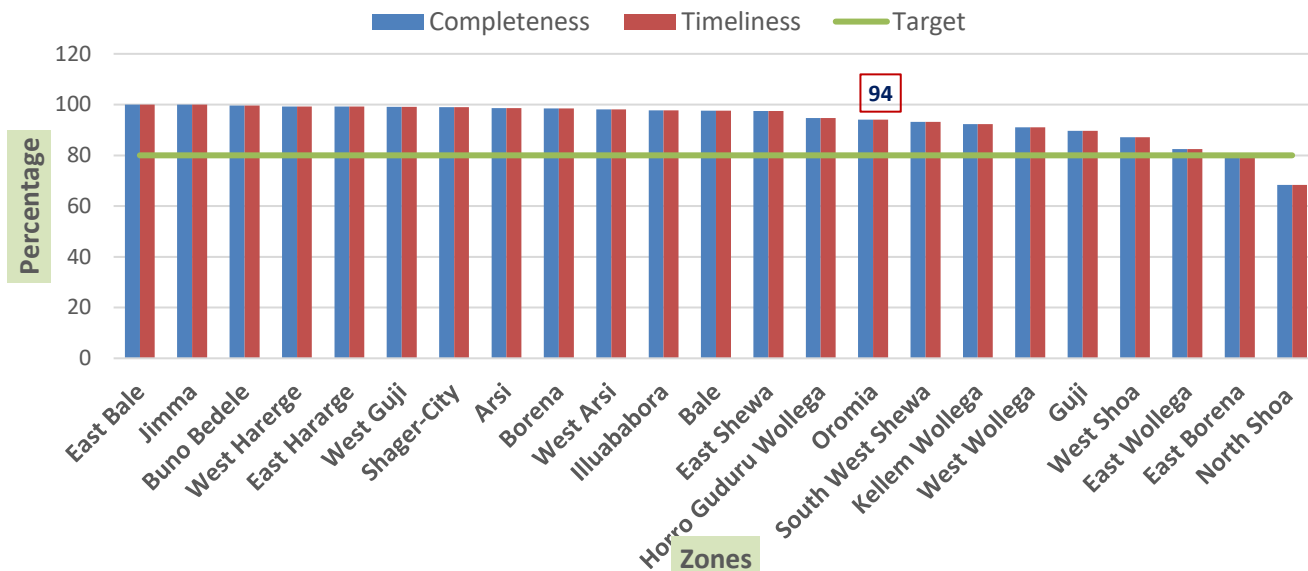
# Of Newly  
occurred  
outbreak  
=0

- ❖ The regional surveillance report completeness and timeliness were **94% for both**.
- ❖ A total of **65,738** Confirmed & clinical Malaria cases with **zero** deaths in this week.
- ❖ Reported Malaria case **increased by 4.2% likewise the testing increased by 6.5%**.
- ❖ A total of **401measles** cases and **Zero** deaths were reported, cases increasing by **62%** from last week.
- ❖ A total of **4** maternal and **50** perinatal deaths were reported.
- ❖ A total of **8** AFP with Zero death reported from (Robe T-2, Jimma-2, Agaro T-1, West Guji-1, E/Harerge-2)
- ❖ A total of **3575 SAM** U5 cases and **Two (2)** death reported (Shashemene Town-1, West Arsi-1).
- ❖ A total of **6109 MAM** U5 cases were reported.
- ❖ *Enhancing response activities and increasing community engagement are critical in controlling the ongoing outbreaks (Malaria and Measles)*

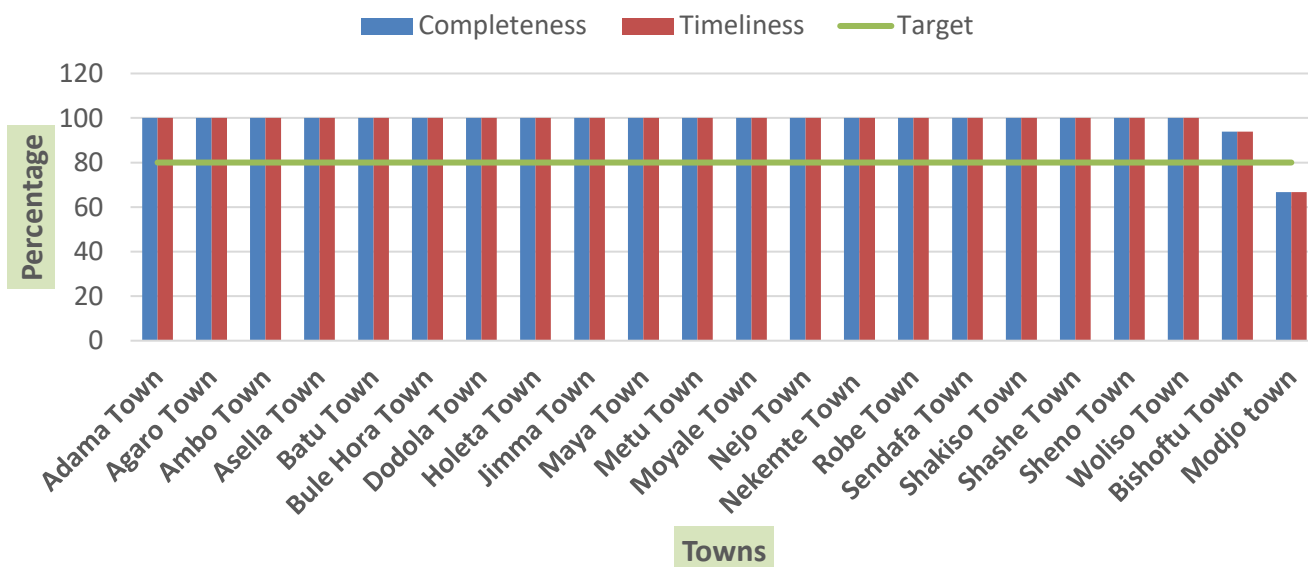
# Of New  
Event  
=1(**Fentale**  
**Earthquakes**)

# Of  
Ongoing  
Outbreak=2

**Figure 1: Oromia Region report completeness and timeliness by Zones, as of WHO Week-3, 2025**



**Figure 2: Oromia Region report completeness and timeliness by -  
Towns, as of WHO Week=3, 2025**



**Table 1: Immediately Reportable Diseases**

S.No	Disease/condition	Week-2/2025		Week-3/2025		Difference (Wk3-Wk 2) of cases/deaths	
		Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	#	(%)
1	Cholera	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Measles	248	0	401	0	+153	↑62
3	Dengue Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	AFP	13	0	8	0	-5	↓38
5	Anthrax	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Human influenza caused by new subtype	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Dracunculiasis/Guinea worm	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Neonatal / Non-Neonatal Tetanus	3	4	0	0	0	↓300
9	Maternal Death		7		5	-2	↓29
10	Perinatal Death		44		50	+6	↑14
11	Pandemic Influenza	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	(Human) Rabies	1	0	2	0	+1	↑100
13	Suspected rabies exposure	59	6	82	2	+23	↑39
14	SARS	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Small pox	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Viral hemorrhagic fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Yellow fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	COVID-19	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	AEFI	1	0	4	0	+3	↑300
20	Chikungunya	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Monkeypox virus	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Brucellosis	0	0	1	0	+1	↑100
23	Obstetric Fistula	3	0	1	0	+2	↑67

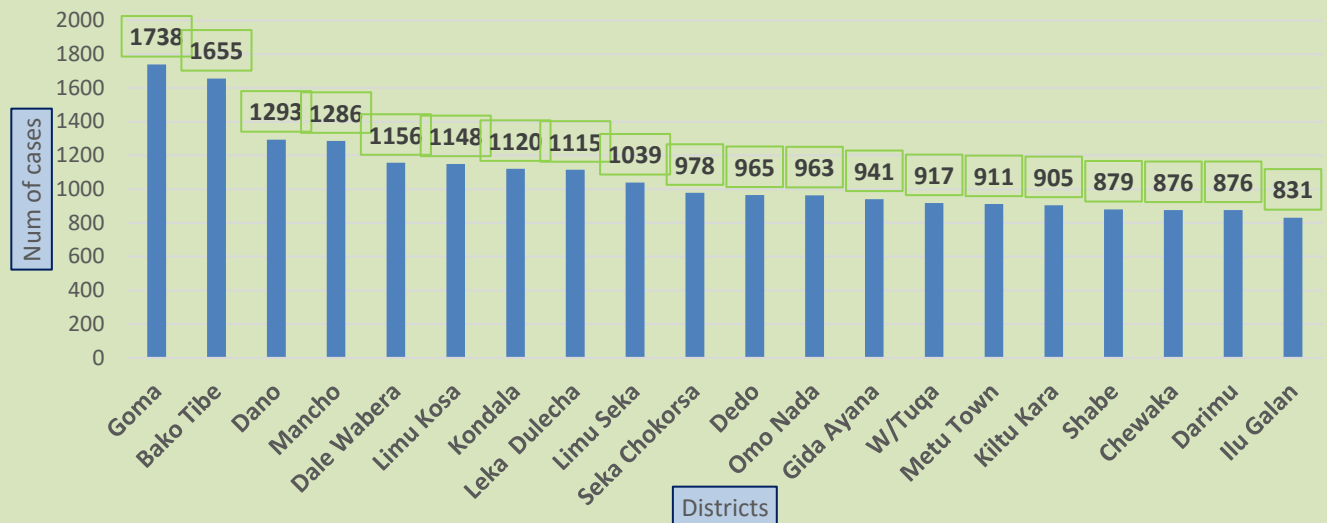


**Table 2: Weekly Reportable Diseases**

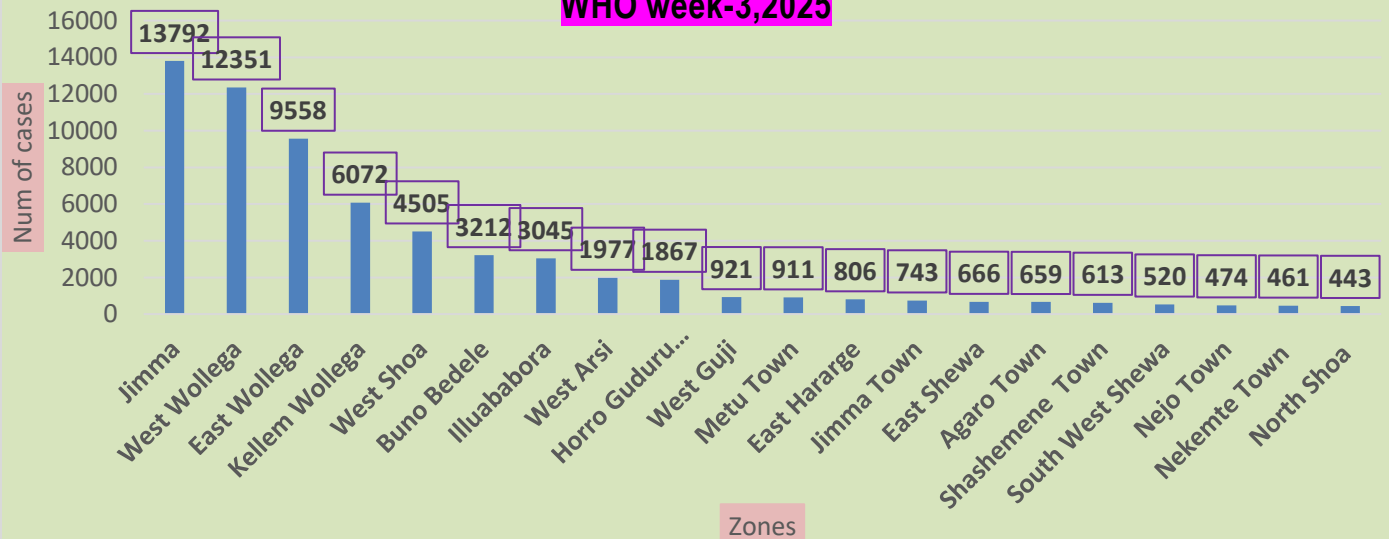
S. No	Disease/condition	Week-2 /2025		Week-3/ 2025		Difference (Wk 3-W-2)	
		Cases	Death	Cases	Death	#	(%)
1	<b>Malaria</b>	<b>63067</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>65738</b>	<b>0</b>	+2671	↑ <b>4.2</b>
2	Meningitis	79	2	89	0	+10	↑ <b>13</b>
3	Dysentery	2034	0	2207	0	+173	↑ <b>9</b>
4	Relapsing fever	14	0	25	0	+11	↑ <b>79</b>
5	SAM	3271	2	3575	2	+304	↑ <b>9</b>
6	Scabies	756	0	775	0	+19	↑ <b>3</b>
7	New HIV cases	130	0	144	2	+14	↑ <b>11</b>
8	Diarrhea with dehydration in children less than 5 years of age	2205	1	2254	1	+49	↑ <b>2</b>
9	Acute Jaundice Syndrome within 14 days of illness	29	0	71	2	+42	↑ <b>145</b>
10	Severe Pneumonia in children under 5 years age	1934	2	1857	4	-77	↓ <b>4</b>
11	Hypertension new cases	1033	1	1088	1	+55	↑ <b>5</b>
12	Diabetes new cases	394	1	344	1	-50	↓ <b>12</b>
13	Tuberculosis	537	0	559	0	+22	↑ <b>4</b>
14	Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM) in U5C	5230	0	6109	0	+879	↑ <b>17</b>



**Figure3:Oromia Region top 20 Districts reporting Malaria Outbreak  
WHO week-3,2025**

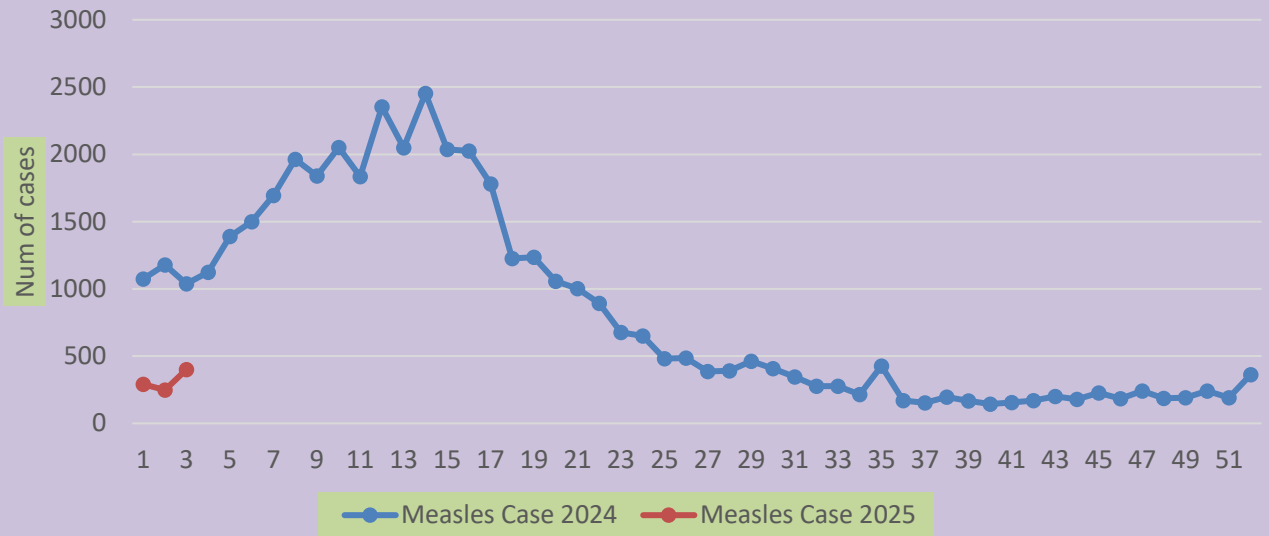


**Figure4:Oromia Region top 20 Zones/Town reporting Malaria Outbreak  
WHO week-3,2025**





**Figure 5: Oromia region weekly trends of measles outbreak, WHO WK-3/2025 Compared to 2024 cases**



**Figure 6: Oromia region weekly trends of Malaria outbreak, WHO WK-3/2025 Compared to weekly 2024 cases**

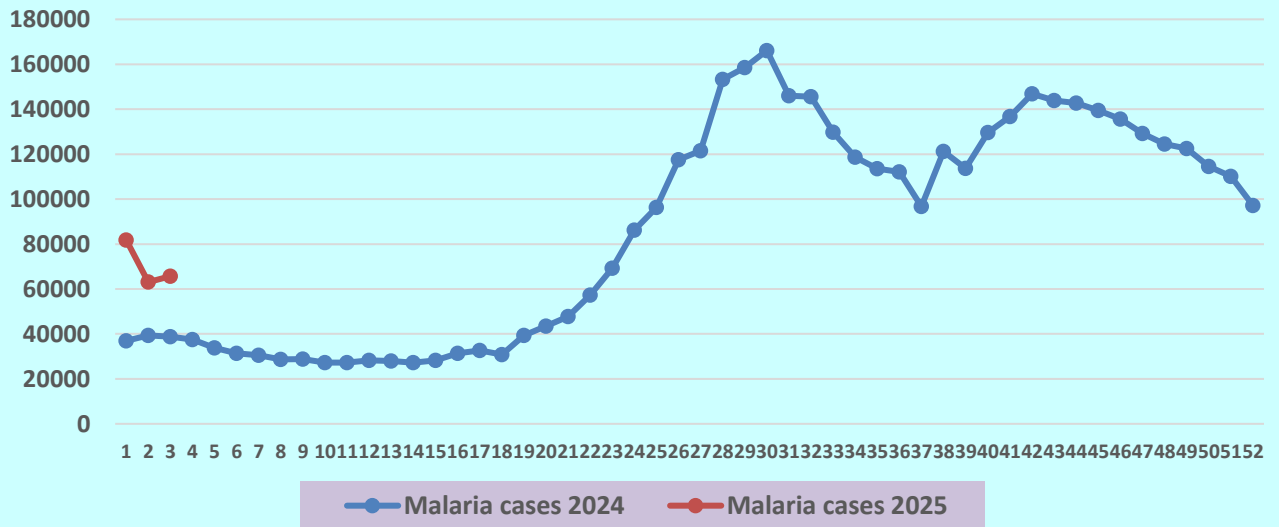
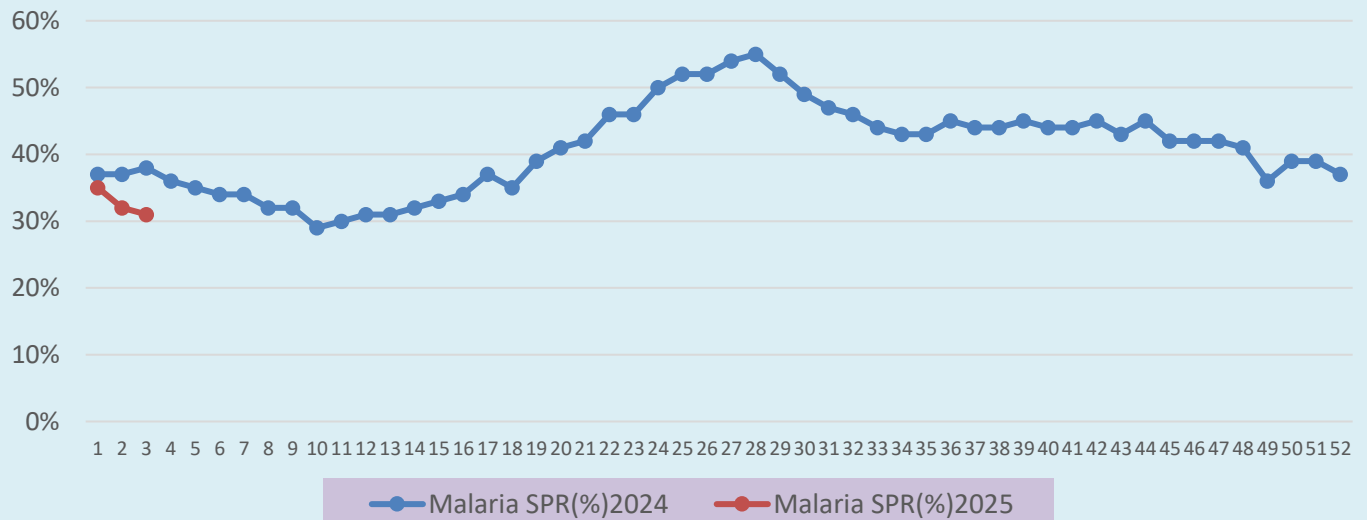




Figure 7: Oromia region weekly trends of Malaria SPR (%), WHO WK-3 /2025 Compared to 2024 weekly cases



### ➤ Outbreak Response Activities

- Malaria cluster Review meeting held at Shashemene and Jimma Town, this week.
- **Intensive Response: Trained community volunteers'(CV) activities, HC RRT (3 Month Plan and Implementation started among 1,434 Kebeles of 94 high burden Woredas in addition to cluster approach)**
- Trained health workers
- HH Visit and Febrile Case Search, enhanced Surveillance
- Assess for ITNS Availability and Utilization
- Febrile Cases Linking to HF
- Treating breeding sites by using larvicides and environmental activities.
- Reaching community by RCCE
- Community Engagement on intervention
- Summer Volunteer mobilization Malaria Intervention



➤ **Major gaps/Challenges**

- ✓ Shortage of Some Anti Malaria drugs and Supplies.
- ✓ Operational budget shortage (Surveillance and response)
- ✓ Multiple public health emergency in the region (Measles and Malaria)
- ✓ Volatile security problem (disrupted control efforts at western and south zones the region)
- ✓ Political leaders' attention for malaria response at bottom level (Woredas and Kebele).
- ✓ Infrastructure (Network and road inaccessible) among some affected woredas

**Proposed action plan/way forward**

- ✓ Strengthen coordination and collaboration among key stakeholders.
- ✓ Strengthen larva control (both by Environmental and Larvicidal).
- ✓ Community sensitization (at Kebele level, Woreda Level)
- ✓ Strengthen Malaria technical working group and PHEOC IMS to improve collective efforts of different actors
- ✓ Resource mobilization and budget allocation for epidemic response
- ✓ Strengthen Malaria technical working group and PHEOC IMS to improve collective efforts of different actors
- ✓ Strengthening surveillance system, Environmental management and Community engagement
- ✓ Leadership ownership and community involvement and mobilization
- ✓ Conduct malaria response advocacy at regional, zonal and woreda level
- ✓ Response guidance for high malaria burden woredas
- ✓ Sustain community Volunteers activities and ensure Health Center RRT supervision to CV

**DISCLAIMER**

The Oromia Health Bureau Public Health Emergency Management compiles reports from various zones and towns' public health surveillance reports to produce a weekly bulletin. The purpose of this bulletin is to inform decision makers from OHB/PHEM, EPHI, UN agencies and NGOs about any outbreaks and other public health emergencies in Oromia. It is published by Oromia Health Bureau Public Health Emergency Management.

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