



Overview

This bulletin serves to summarize weekly surveillance data & performance of OHB/PHEM diseases and other public health emergencies. It comprises report timeliness, completeness, trends of priority diseases, and response activities.

Epidemiological
Bulletin
Week-3

Objective

To provide weekly update on the status of reportable diseases/conditions to the relevant authorities for better preparedness and response activities, decision Making.

Regional Highlights of the reporting week

Of Newly
occurred
outbreak

- ❖ The regional surveillance report completeness and timeliness were **92% and 87% respectively**.
- ❖ A total of **20,289** Confirmed Malaria cases with **Zero** death in this week.
- ❖ **Reported Malaria case increased by 0.06%, likely the testing also increased by 8%.**
- ❖ A total of **69 measles** cases and **Zero death** were reported; cases increased by **25%** from last week.
- ❖ A total of **10 (Ten)** Maternal and **47** perinatal deaths were reported.
- ❖ A total of **5 (Five)** AFP with Zero death reported from (West Wollega-1, East Wollega-1, Horo Guduru Wollega-1, West Shoa-1 and South West Shoa-1)

Of New
Event =0

- ❖ A total of **2,598 SAM U5** cases and **Five (5) death** reported
- ❖ A total **5,407 MAM U5** cases were reported.

Of
Ongoing
Outbreak=2

- ❖ Enhancing response activities and increasing community engagement are critical in controlling the ongoing outbreaks, (*Malaria, and Measles*)
- ❖ **The outbreak of Marburg Virus disease in Ethiopia has officially come to an end, marking a significant milestone for public health efforts in the Region.**

Figure 1: Oromia Region report completeness and timeliness by -Zones, as of WHO Week-3/2026 GC

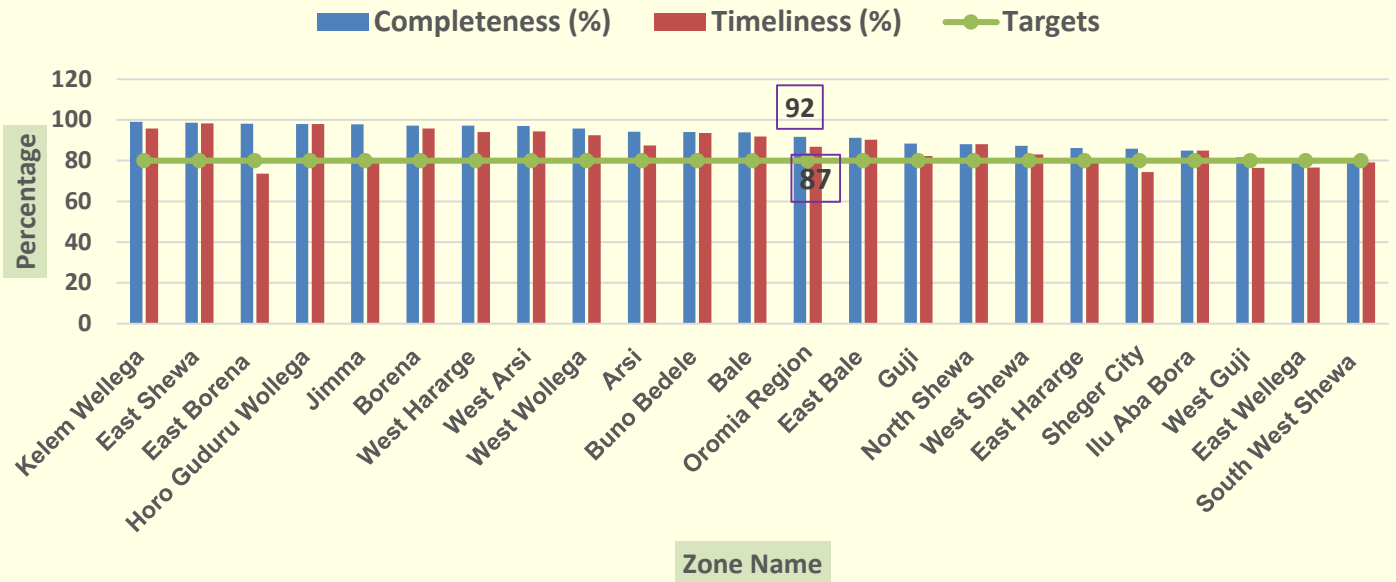


Figure 2: Oromia Region report completeness and timeliness by -Towns, as of WHO Week-3 /2026

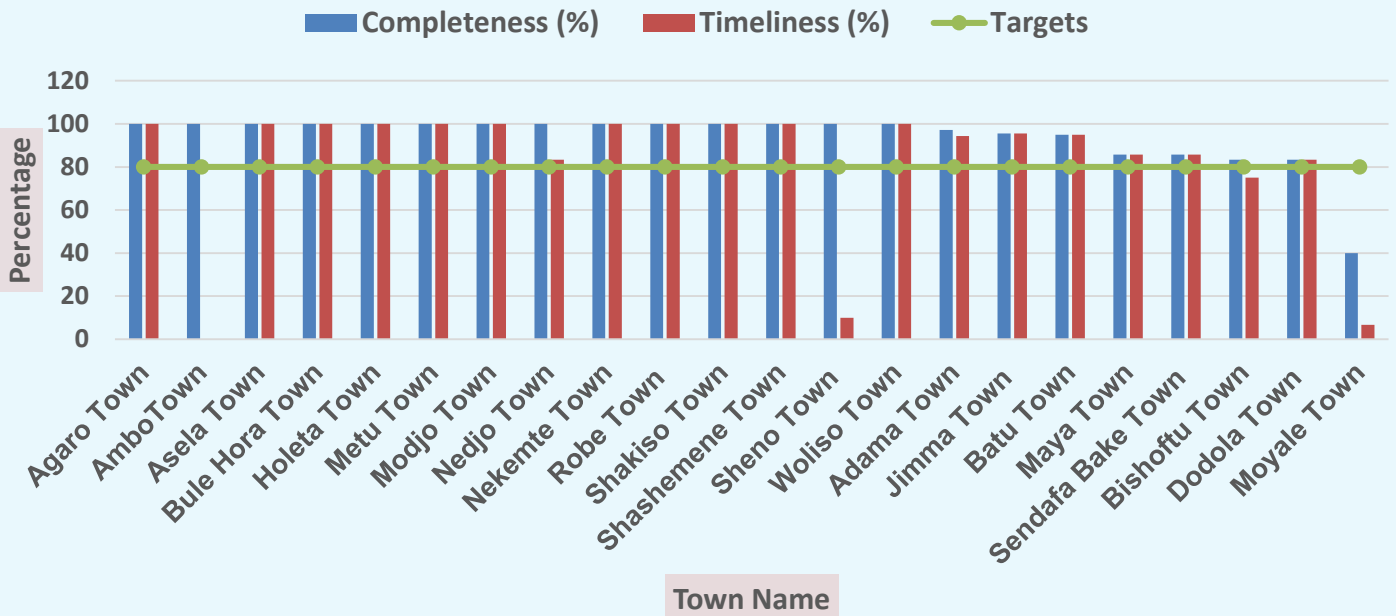


Table 1: Immediately Reportable Diseases, Pattern

S.No	Disease/condition	Week-2/2026		Week-3/2026		Difference (Wk3-Wk-2) of cases/deaths, %	
		Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	#	(%)
1	Cholera	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Measles	55	0	69	0	+14	↑25
3	Dengue Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	AFP	2	0	5	0	-3	↓150
5	Anthrax	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Human influenza caused by new subtype	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Dracunculiasis/Guinea worm	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Neonatal / Non-Neonatal Tetanus	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Maternal Death		6		10	+4	↑67
10	Perinatal Death		46		47	-1	↓2
11	Pandemic Influenza	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	(Human) Rabies	6	1	3	0	-3	↓50
13	Suspected rabies exposure	57	0	69	1	+12	↑21
14	SARS	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Small pox	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Viral hemorrhagic fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Yellow fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	COVID-19	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	AEFI	13	0	22	0	+9	↑69
20	Chikungunya	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Mpox virus	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Brucellosis	17	0	20	0	+3	↑18
23	Obstetric Fistula	3	0	4	0	+1	↑33

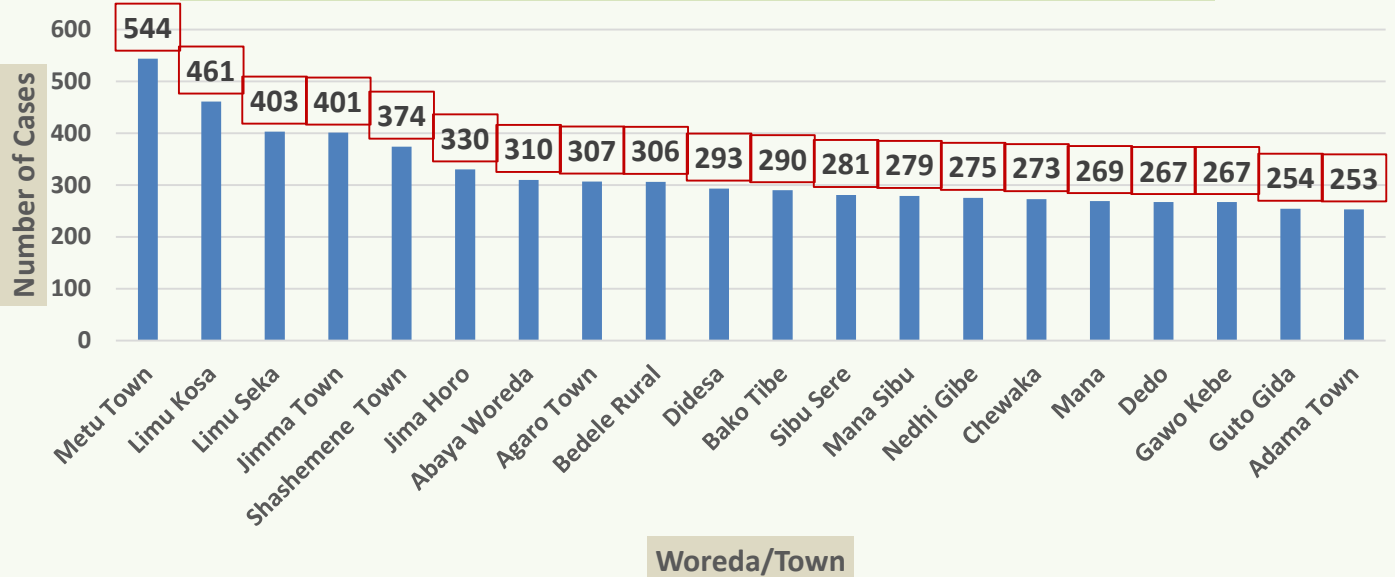


Table 2: Weekly Reportable Diseases, Pattern

Sr. No	Disease/condition	Week-2/2026		Week-3/ 2026		Difference (Wk-3) -(Wk-2) cases/deaths, %	
		Cases	Death	Cases	Death	#	%
		1	Malaria	20,277	2	20,289	0
2	Meningitis	46	0	63	0	+17	↑37
3	Dysentery	1692	1	1578	0	-114	↓7
4	Relapsing fever	9	0	14	0	+5	↑56
5	SAM	2182	2	2598	5	+416	↑19
6	Scabies	573	0	447	0	-126	↓22
7	New HIV cases	106	0	146	0	+40	↑38
8	Diarrhea with dehydration in children less than 5 years of age	2057	0	2056	0	-1	0
9	Acute Jaundice Syndrome within 14 days of illness	25	0	35	0	+10	↑40
10	Severe Pneumonia in children under 5 years age	1879	2	1789	0	-90	↓5
11	Hypertension new cases	1184	1	1373	0	+189	↑16
12	Diabetes new cases	357	0	459	0	+102	↑29
13	Tuberculosis	552	0	640	0	+88	↑16
14	Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM) in U5C	4952	0	5407	0	+455	↑9



**Figure3:Oromia Region top 20 Districts reporting Malaria
Outbreak WHO week-3,2026 GC**



**Figure4:Oromia Region, top 20 Zones/Town reporting Malaria
Outbreak as of WHO Week-3,2026**

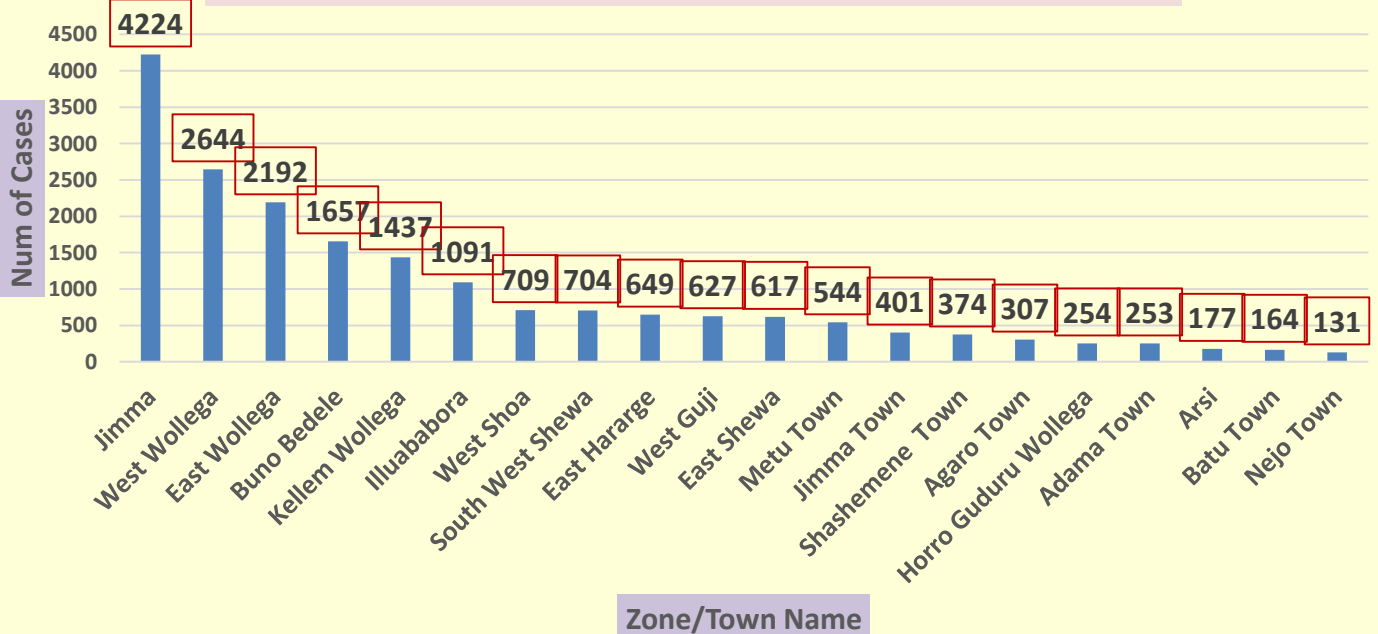




Figure 5: Oromia region weekly trends of measles outbreak, WHO WK-3/2026 Compared to 2025 cases

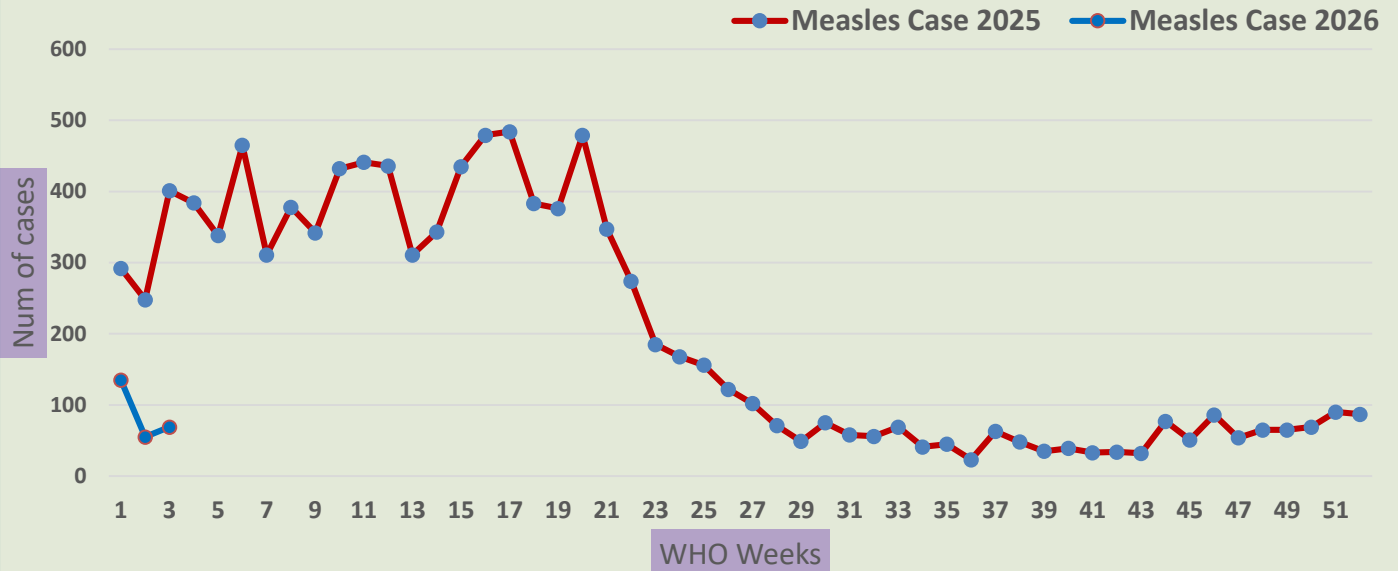
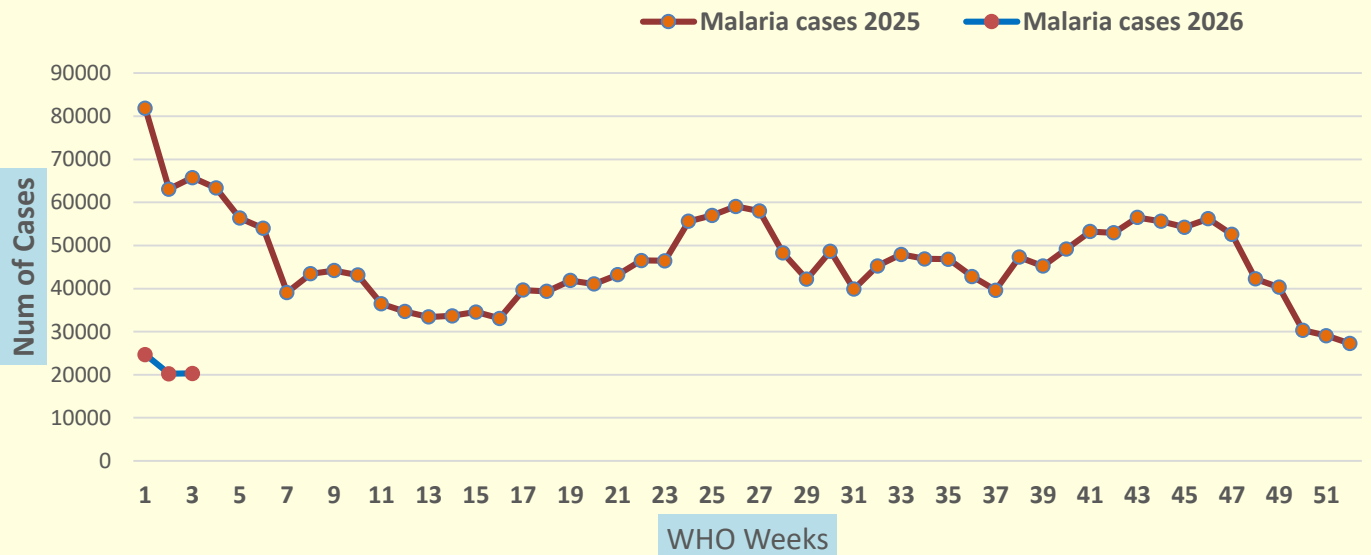
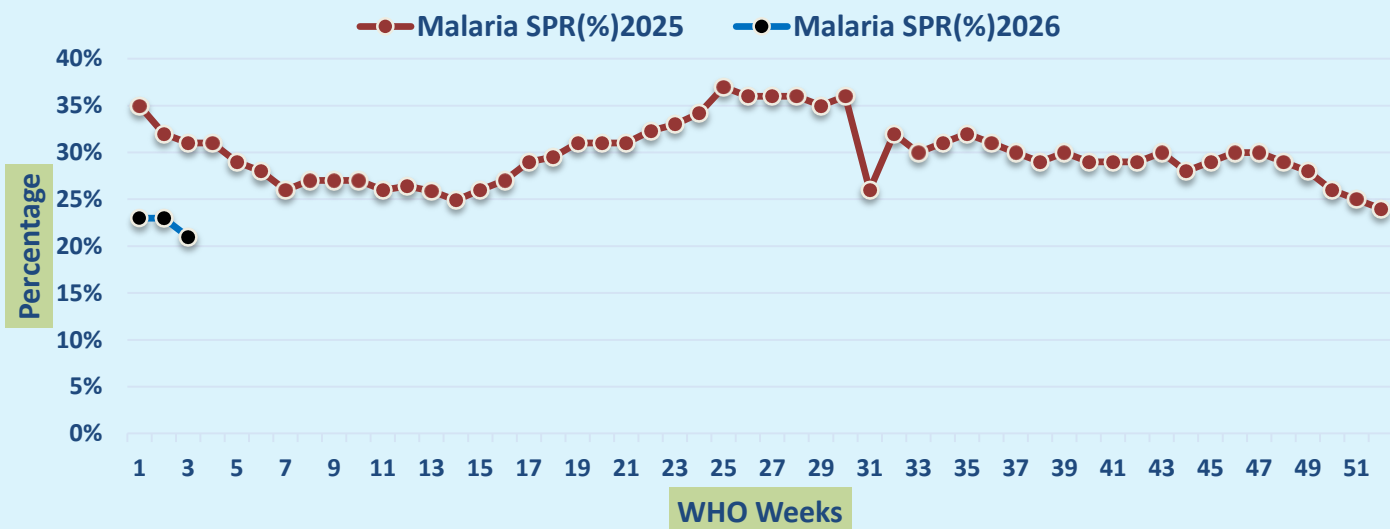


Figure 6: Oromia region weekly trends of Malaria outbreak, WHO WK-3/2026 Compared to 2025 cases



**Figure 6: Oromia region weekly trends of Malaria SPR, WHO
WK-3/2026 Compared to 2025 cases**



➤ **Outbreak Response Activities**

- Still coordination efforts continue via EOC and other available platforms for emergencies in the region
- Intensive Response: continued intervention activities of trained community volunteers'(CV) in majority of high burden locality integrated with Health center RRT
- Trained health workers
- HH Visit and Febrile Case Search, enhanced Surveillance
- Assess for ITNS Availability and Utilization
- Febrile Cases Linking to HF
- Treating breeding sites by using larvicides and environmental activities.
- Reaching community by RCCE
- Community Engagement in intervention
- Continuous feedback on DHIS2 data quality and reporting errors to zone and woreda were given



➤ **Major gaps/Challenges**

- ✓ Multiple public health emergency in the region (**Measles and Malaria**)
- ✓ Operational budget shortage (Surveillance and response)
- ✓ Volatile security problem (disrupted control efforts at western and south zones of the region)
- ✓ Political leaders' attention for malaria response at bottom level (Woredas and Kebele).
- ✓ Data quality and entry level errors, hence on transition to digitalization reporting platform
- ✓ Infrastructure (Network and road inaccessible) among some affected woredas

➤ **Proposed action plan/way forward/**

- ✓ Strengthen coordination and collaboration among key stakeholders
- ✓ Strengthen larva control (both by Environmental and Larvicidal)
- ✓ Strengthen Malaria technical **working** group and PHEOC IMS to improve collective efforts of different actors
- ✓ Resource mobilization and budget allocation for epidemic response
- ✓ Strengthen Malaria technical working group and PHEOC IMS to improve collective efforts
- ✓ Leadership ownership and community involvement and mobilization
- ✓ **Sustain community Volunteers (CV)** activities and strengthen Health Center RRT supervision to CV
- ✓ **Improve and strengthens the PHEM-DHIS2 platform in its quality and Sustain Current completeness**

DISCLAIMER

The Oromia Health Bureau Public Health Emergency Management compiles reports from various zones and towns' public health surveillance reports to produce a weekly bulletin. The purpose of this bulletin is to inform decision makers from OHB/PHEM, EPHI, UN agencies and NGOs about any outbreaks and other public health emergencies in Oromia. It is published by Oromia Health Bureau Public Health Emergency Management.

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