



Overview

This bulletin serves to summarize weekly surveillance data & performance of OHB/PHEM diseases and other public health emergencies. It comprises report timeliness, completeness, trends of priority diseases, and response activities.

Epidemiological
Bulletin
Week-8

Objective

To provide weekly update on the status of reportable diseases/conditions to the relevant authorities for better preparedness and response activities.

Regional Highlights of the reporting week

Of Newly
occurred
outbreak
=0

- ❖ The regional surveillance report completeness and timeliness were 93%.
- ❖ A total of **43,427** Confirmed & clinical Malaria cases with **Three (3)** death in this week.
- ❖ Reported Malaria case **increased by 11% likewise the testing also increased by 8.7%**.
- ❖ A total of 378 **measles** cases and **One(1)** deaths were reported, cases increased by **22%** from last week.
- ❖ A total of **6** maternal and **50** perinatal deaths were reported.
- ❖ A total of **63** AFP with Zero death reported from (East Harege-29, Nekemte T-2, Maya T-4, West Shoa-3, W/Harerge-3, W/Guji-3, S/west Shoa-1, K/Wolega-1, H/Guduru Wolega-4, Guji-4, E/Borena-1, E/Bale-2, Arsi-2 and Bale-3)
- ❖ A total of **3195** SAM U5 cases and **Four (4)** death reported (Shashemene Town-2, Nekemte T-1, West Shoa-1).
- ❖ A total of **5352** MAM U5 cases were reported.
- ❖ *Enhancing response activities and increasing community engagement are critical in controlling the ongoing outbreaks (**Malaria and Measles**)*
- ❖ *Reactive nOPV2 (integrated Polio) campaign conducted in response to cVDPV2 outbreak in the country, Consequently AFP and Obstetric Fistula Notification increasing in integration activities*

Of New
Event =0

Of
Ongoing
Outbreak=2



Figure 1: Oromia Region report completeness and timeliness by Zones, as of WHO Week 8, 2025

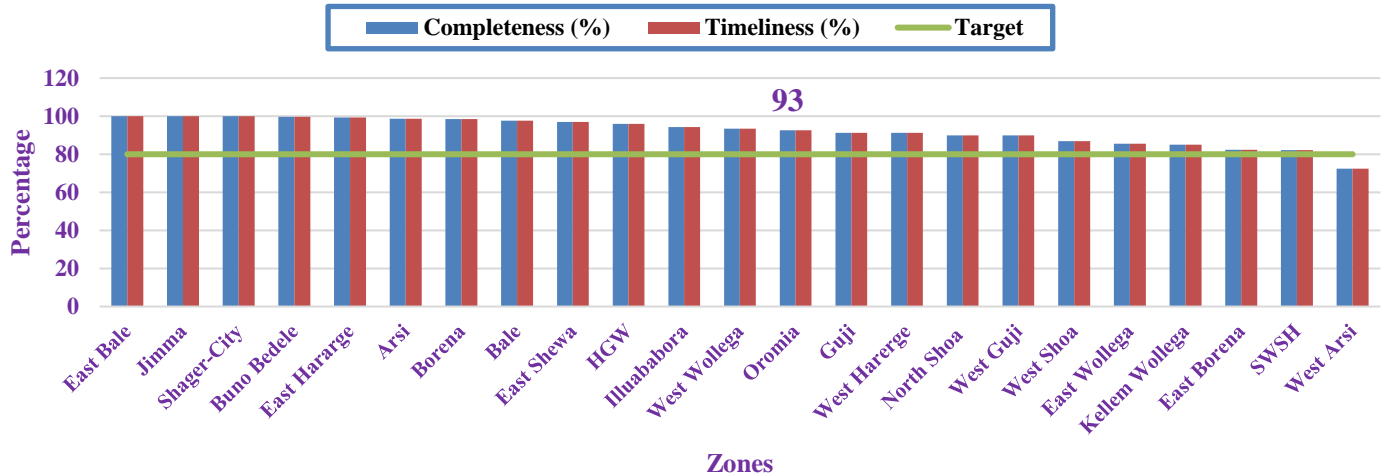


Figure 2: Oromia Region report completeness and timeliness by - Towns, as of WHO Week 8, 2025





**OROMIA HEALTH BUREAU, PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY
MANAGEMENT EPIDIMIOLOGICAL WEEKLY BULLETIN: WEEK-8, 2025**

S.No	Disease/condition	Week-7/2025		Week-8/2025		Difference (Wk8-Wk-7) of cases/deaths	
		Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	#	(%)
1	Cholera	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Measles	311	0	378	0	+67	↑22
3	Dengue Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	AFP	4	0	63	0	+59	↑1475
5	Anthrax	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Human influenza caused by new subtype	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Dracunculiasis/Guinea worm	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Neonatal / Non-Neonatal Tetanus	4	3	1	0	-3	↓75
9	Maternal Death		11		6	-5	45
10	Perinatal Death		51		50	-1	↓1.9
11	Pandemic Influenza	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	(Human) Rabies	1	0	11	0	+10	↑1000
13	Suspected rabies exposure	62	0	60	1	-2	↓3
14	SARS	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Small pox	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Viral hemorrhagic fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Yellow fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	COVID-19	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	AEFI	8	0	22	0	+14	↑175
20	Chikungunya	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Monkeypox virus	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Brucellosis	0	0	2	0	+2	↑200
23	Obstetric Fistula	1	0	20	0	+19	↑1900

Table 1: Immediately Reportable Diseases



Table 2: Weekly Reportable Diseases

S. No	Disease/condition	Week-7 /2025		Week-8/ 2025		Difference(Wk-8)-(Wk-7)	(%)
		Cases	Death	Cases	Death	cases/deaths	
						#	
1	Malaria	39083	4	43427	3	+4344	↑11
2	Meningitis	58	0	94	0	+36	↑62
3	Dysentery	1797	0	2139	0	+342	↑19
4	Relapsing fever	24	0	14	0	-10	↓42
5	SAM	2887	5	3195	4	+308	↑11
6	Scabies	680	0	797	0	+117	↑17
7	New HIV cases	103	0	105	0	+2	↑2
8	Diarrhea with dehydration in children less than 5 years of age	2254	0	2041	1	-213	↓9
9	Acute Jaundice Syndrome within 14 days of illness	36	0	19	0	-17	↓47
10	Severe Pneumonia in children under 5 years age	1554	1	1671	5	+117	↑8
11	Hypertension new cases	1057	1	1081	1	+24	↑2
12	Diabetes new cases	346	0	354	1	+8	↑2
13	Tuberculosis	518	1	551	0	+33	↑6
14	Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM) in U5C	6061	0	5352	0	-709	↓12



Figure3:Oromia Region top 20 Districts reporting Malaria Outbreak WHO week-8,2025

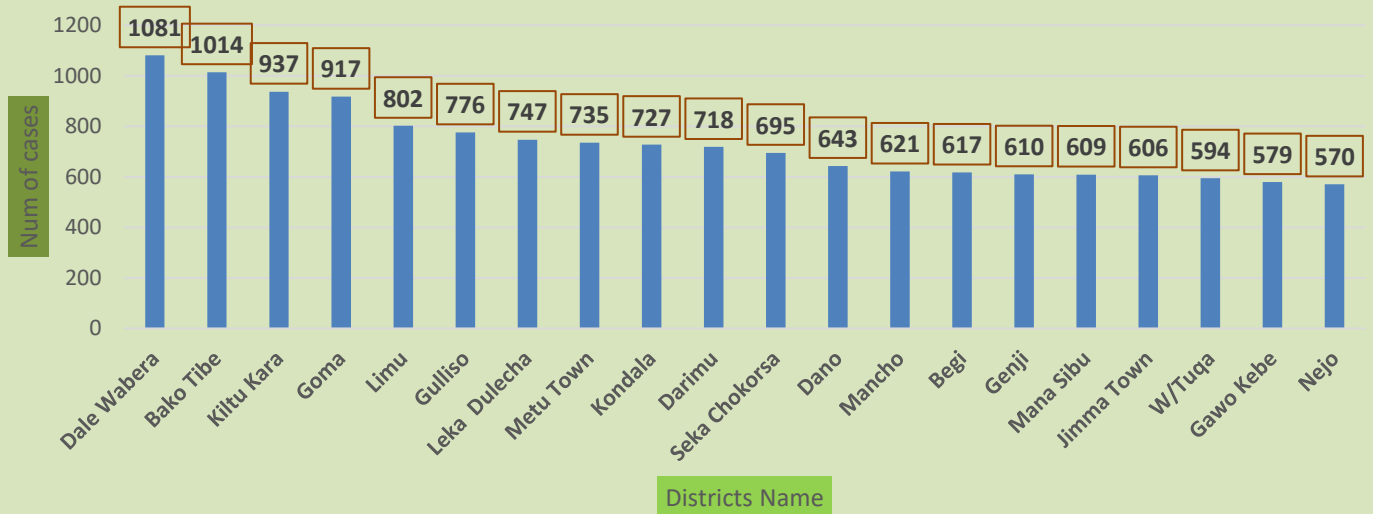


Figure4:Oromia Region top 20 Zones/Town reporting Malaria Outbreak WHO week-8,2025

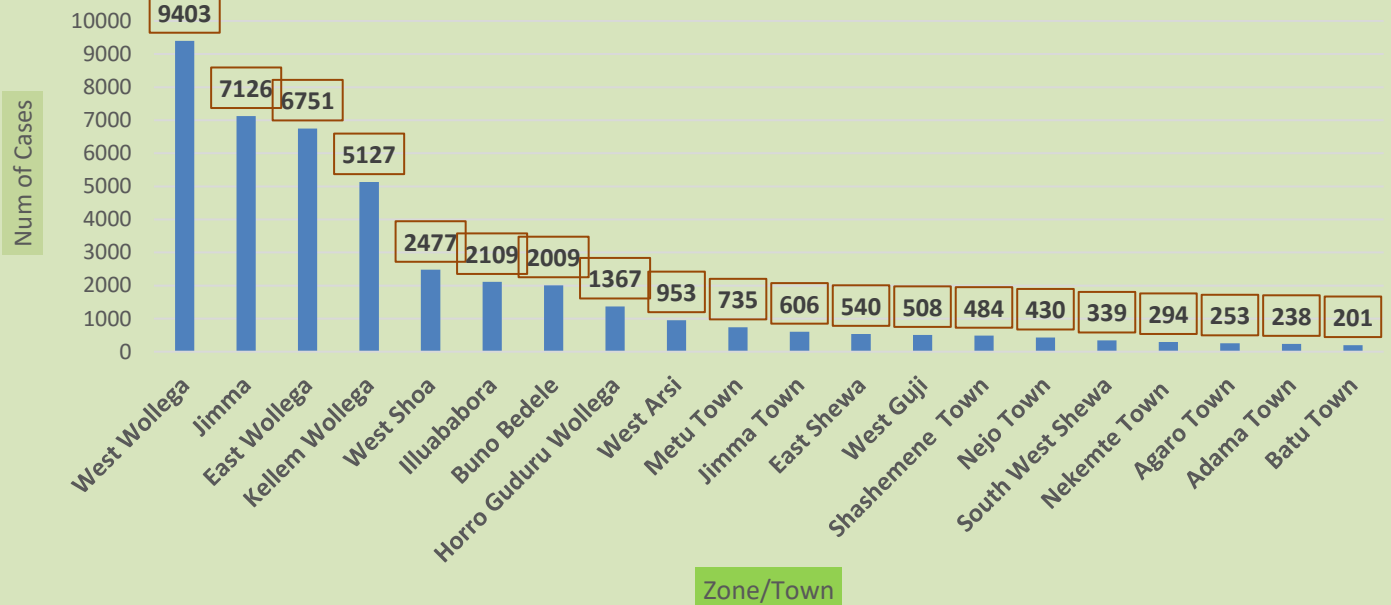




Figure 5: Oromia region weekly trends of measles outbreak, WHO WK-8/2025 Compared to 2024 cases

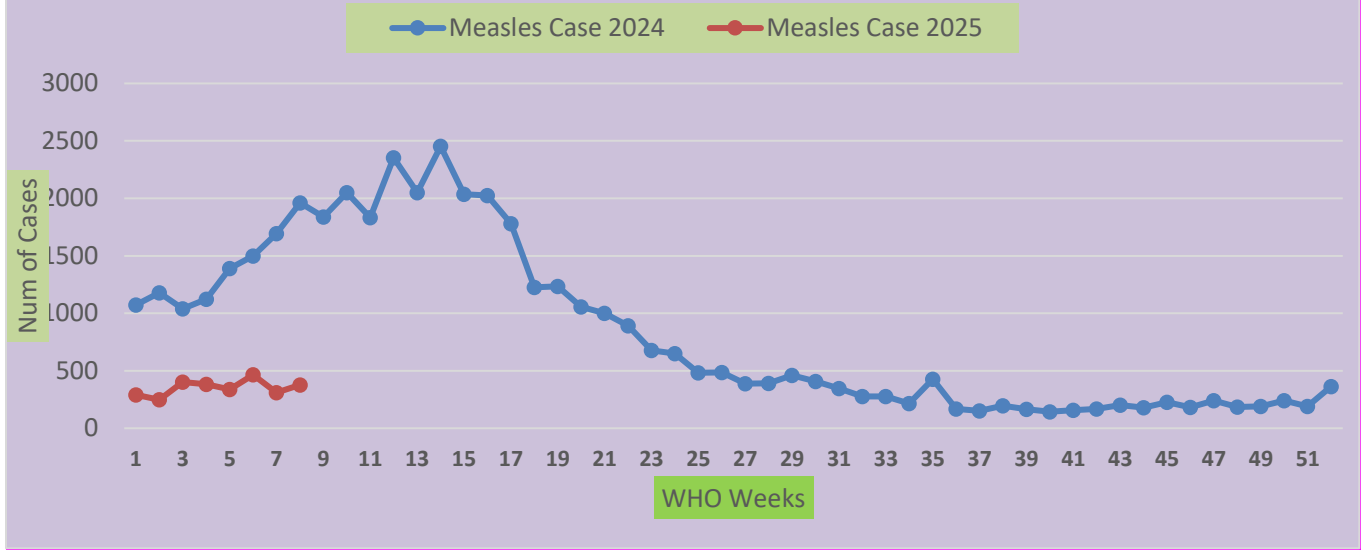


Figure 6: Oromia region weekly trends of Malaria outbreak, WHO WK-8/2025 Compared to weekly 2024 cases

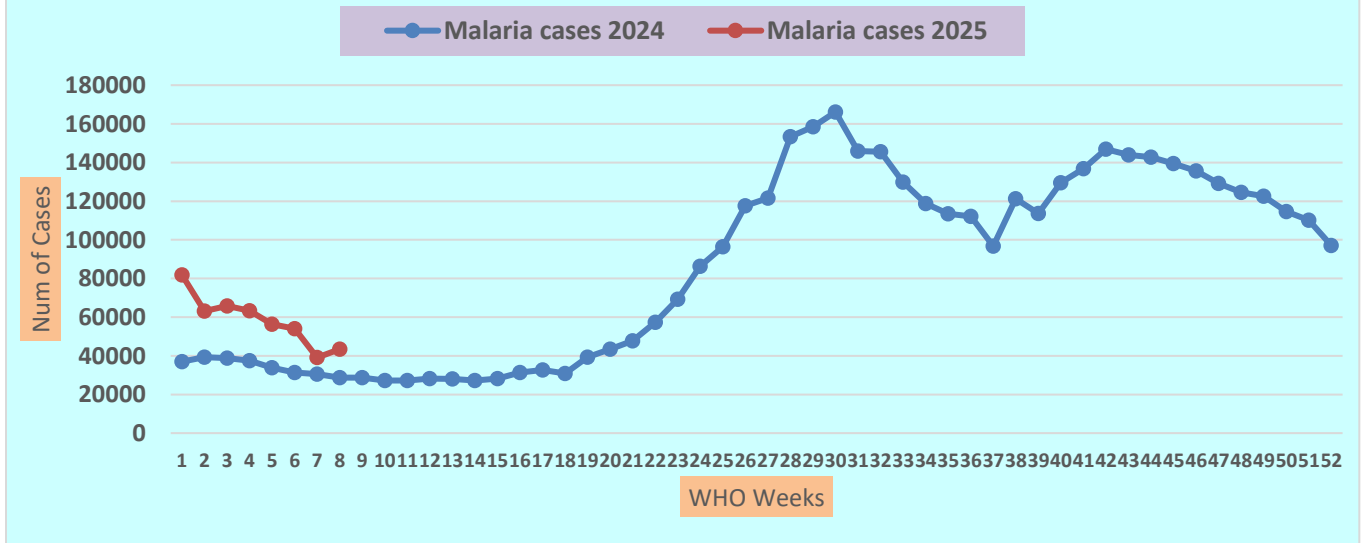
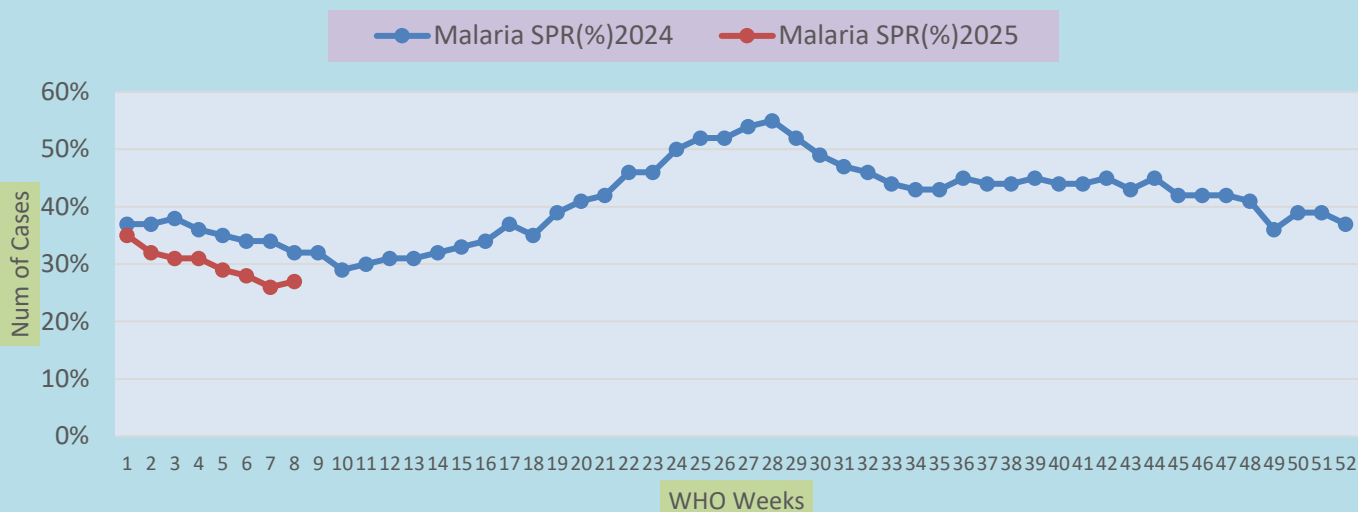


Figure 7: Oromia region weekly trends of Malaria SPR (%), WHO WK-8 /2025 Compared to 2024 weekly cases



➤ **Outbreak Response Activities**

- **Intensive Response: Trained community volunteers’(CV) activities, HC RRT (3 Month Plan and Implementation started among 1,434 Kebeles of 94 high burden Woredas in addition to cluster approach)**
- Trained health workers
- HH Visit and Febrile Case Search, enhanced Surveillance
- Assess for ITNS Availability and Utilization
- Febrile Cases Linking to HF
- Treating breeding sites by using larvicides and environmental activities.
- Reaching community by RCCE
- Community Engagement on intervention
- Summer Volunteer mobilization Malaria Intervention



➤ **Major gaps/Challenges**

- ✓ Shortage of Some Anti Malaria drugs and Supplies.
- ✓ Operational budget shortage (Surveillance and response)
- ✓ protracted public health emergency in the region (Measles and Malaria)
- ✓ Volatile security problem (disrupted control efforts at western and south zones the region)
- ✓ Political leaders' attention for malaria response at bottom level (Woredas and Kebele).
- ✓ Infrastructure (Network and road inaccessible) among some affected woredas

➤ **Proposed action plan/way forward/**

- ✓ Strengthen coordination and collaboration among key stakeholders.
- ✓ Strengthen larva control (both by Environmental and Larvicidal).
- ✓ Community sensitization (at Kebele level, Woreda Level)
- ✓ Resource mobilization and budget allocation for epidemic response✓
- ✓ Strengthening surveillance system, Environmental management and Community engagement
- ✓ Leadership ownership and community involvement and mobilization✓
- ✓ Response guidance for high malaria burden woredas
- ✓ Sustain community Volunteers activities and strengthen Health Center RRT supervision to CV

DISCLAIMER

The Oromia Health Bureau Public Health Emergency Management compiles reports from various zones and towns' public health surveillance reports to produce a weekly bulletin. The purpose of this bulletin is to inform decision makers from OHB/PHEM, EPHI, UN agencies and NGOs about any outbreaks and other public health emergencies in Oromia. It is published by Oromia Health Bureau Public Health Emergency Management.

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